

# The Calgary Weekly Herald.

VOL. IV.

CALGARY, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1887.

No. 189

## CANADIAN NEWS.

**BORING FOR PETROLEUM IN LAKE DAUPHIN DISTRICT.**

The immigration boom—Prof. Tanner at Winnipeg.

### WINNIPEG.

WINNIPEG, April 2.—The Dominion immigration sheds at Winnipeg were destroyed by fire last night. The cause was a defective flue. The immigrants and all their effects were lost. A fireman named Devaney had his leg broken and was otherwise injured by a falling veranda.

Dr. Lafferty has left for Montreal. Lady Macdonald arrived last night with a party of ladies and her invalid daughter enroute to Banff. They will probably remain a day or two here.

Six hundred immigrants arrived in Winnipeg this week. Gabriel Dumont has arrived in St. Paul from New York. It is thought he will return to Manitoba.

WINNIPEG, April 4.—Gabriel Dumont, who is in St. Paul, intends settling in the Turtle Mountain district, Dakota. He is now busy telling his story of the half-breed's career to the reporters.

WINNIPEG, April 4.—An Ottawa report mentions Sir Adolph Caron's name to come to the Northwest to take the governorship.

WINNIPEG, April 5.—O. J. Brown has been brought out by the C.P.R. to be engaged in the territory.

WINNIPEG, April 5.—The Liberal members of the House of Commons are expected to arrive in Winnipeg on Saturday. They will be met by the Liberal members of the Manitoba legislature. The Liberal members of the House of Commons are expected to arrive in Winnipeg on Saturday. They will be met by the Liberal members of the Manitoba legislature.

A carload of American colonists for Washington Territory passed through the city today.

Norquay returns from Ottawa on Saturday.

WINNIPEG, April 6.—The Winnipeg Board of Trade have passed resolutions protesting against a further continuation of dismemberment.

The surveyors of the Duluth & Manitoba road, with which it is contemplated to make connection from Winnipeg, have reached the boundary.

WINNIPEG, April 6.—Should C. P. Brown succeed in defeating the Norquay government it is said his colleagues will be Douglas, Alexander and Branderger. He claims to have pledged more than a majority of members and interesting developments are expected at the meeting of the legislature. Brown's action is entirely due to an ambitious ambition.

WINNIPEG, April 7.—Two companies have been formed in Winnipeg to bore for oil in the Lake Dauphin district.

Upwards of 500 immigrants arrived in Winnipeg last night. They are mostly from the Northwest. The arrivals this season already number over 2,000.

Prof. Tanner has arrived and intends establishing two settlements for English farmers, one at Qu'Appelle, to be a training school, and the other on the line of the Manitoba-Northwestern.

### OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 2.—The Dominion government will make a radical reduction in canal tolls.

Hindpeter, a member of the House of Commons for South Victoria, has resigned through disqualification and a new election has been ordered.

OTTAWA, April 4.—A protest has been entered against Sir John A. Macdonald's return to Kingston and the vote claimed for Mr. Gunn.

OTTAWA, April 5.—A petition has been filed against the return of the Reform member for South Victoria.

Professor Tanner will again visit Canada.

It is reported that Gunn returns from the Northwest to become L. J. Macdonald's agent in the Northwest and to take the seat vacated by Senator L. A. Ait.

The state of L. J. Gunn, Ont., gave way to illness in crossing and several accounts are given of his death.

OTTAWA, April 6.—Intelligence has been received from the Northwest that the Dominion government has decided to build a new line of railway from the Northwest to the Atlantic.

Mr. Gunn's return to the Northwest will be a great disappointment to the Dominion government.

OTTAWA, April 7.—The Dominion government has decided to build a new line of railway from the Northwest to the Atlantic.

Mr. Gunn's return to the Northwest will be a great disappointment to the Dominion government.

OTTAWA, April 8.—The Dominion government has decided to build a new line of railway from the Northwest to the Atlantic.

Mr. Gunn's return to the Northwest will be a great disappointment to the Dominion government.

OTTAWA, April 9.—The Dominion government has decided to build a new line of railway from the Northwest to the Atlantic.

Mr. Gunn's return to the Northwest will be a great disappointment to the Dominion government.

OTTAWA, April 10.—The Dominion government has decided to build a new line of railway from the Northwest to the Atlantic.

Mr. Gunn's return to the Northwest will be a great disappointment to the Dominion government.

OTTAWA, April 11.—The Dominion government has decided to build a new line of railway from the Northwest to the Atlantic.

Mr. Gunn's return to the Northwest will be a great disappointment to the Dominion government.

OTTAWA, April 12.—The Dominion government has decided to build a new line of railway from the Northwest to the Atlantic.

Mr. Gunn's return to the Northwest will be a great disappointment to the Dominion government.

OTTAWA, April 13.—The Dominion government has decided to build a new line of railway from the Northwest to the Atlantic.

The snow blockade on the Intercolonial continues.

### MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 2.—James Treacy, a C.P.R. employee, was awarded \$500 compensation for the loss of two fingers.

MONTREAL, April 6.—The health of Archbishop Tache is not improving as rapidly as is desired and the Rev. Father LeFevre, superior of the Oblate Fathers in Montreal is mentioned as a possible successor.

### QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 5.—Cardinal Taschereau has returned from Rome.

There have been further snow storms at various points in eastern Canada.

QUEBEC, April 6.—Adjutant General Gold has left for the upper provinces to purchase Canadian horses for the English army. The first shipment will be made from Montreal in June, and the Adjutant General thinks he will be able to obtain all the animals for this lot in Ontario and Quebec. Afterwards he will proceed to Manitoba and the Northwest to make purchases for a second lot to be sent from Montreal in October.

### THE NORTHWEST.

REGINA, April 4.—The official proclamation in Western Assiniboia of the Dominion majority 301.

### OTHER POINTS.

BRAMPTON, Ont., April 5.—George Herchmer, son of Col. Herchmer, disappeared from Brampton and is supposed to have met death at Andalusia, Pennsylvania. His friends do not know his whereabouts, and the body, which has been found there, corresponds with his.

VANCOUVER, April 4.—The Pacific coast steamship company's steamer, Mexico, which plies between Victoria and San Francisco, is a total wreck on the Chain Reef in the Gulf of Veda. She cost more than a hundred thousand dollars. No lives were lost.

### JUBILEE YEAR.

A proposal which should meet with approval in the Territories.

The following letter has been issued by the Hon. the Minister of the Interior and is commended to the careful attention of our readers. Discussion and suggestions are invited through THE HERALD.

Government House, Regina, March 28th. Sir—You are aware that it has been determined to celebrate the 50th anniversary of Her Majesty's accession to the throne by the establishment in London of an Imperial Institute for the United Kingdom, the Colonies and India, as a permanent commemorative of the Jubilee year of Her Majesty and that all funds raised for the proposed Institute will be placed at the disposal of the Queen's subjects throughout the Empire. It is now proposed to give a generous sum of money to the Imperial Institute as a memorial of the Jubilee year of Her Majesty.

It has been also decided that an appeal be made to the Queen's subjects throughout the Empire to contribute to the Imperial Institute.

Although a previous appeal was made on this subject in 1867, it was not very successful. It is now proposed to make a further appeal to the Queen's subjects throughout the Empire to contribute to the Imperial Institute.

I shall deem it very unfortunate if the Imperial Institute, which is a memorial of the Jubilee year of Her Majesty, should fail to receive the support of the Queen's subjects throughout the Empire.

While I am fully conscious of the difficulty which existing circumstances in the country create as to raising of public subscriptions, even for the most desirable objects, I venture to think that, if the Imperial Institute is to be a memorial of the Jubilee year of Her Majesty, the number of our subscribers will be very large and the total sum realized will be a large addition to the general fund.

With a view therefore to secure as wide a response as possible to the appeal, which has been addressed to us, and to give an opportunity to all to show in it, I have decided that the highest amount which any one person is asked to contribute should be one dollar, but any lower sum, down to the smallest coin in our currency will be gladly received.

I enclose you herewith a number of blank subscription forms which I request the favor of your distribution in your neighborhoods and to all who are willing to take charge of them, and I beg to assure you that the Imperial Institute is a memorial of the Jubilee year of Her Majesty.

It is proposed to hold a public meeting in Regina at an early date and I shall be glad to see the example generally followed.

Please the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant.

E. DUNDAS, Lieutenant-Governor.

### MIDNAPORE.

The Midnapore school was opened on March 29, in the Church of England building, at Fish Creek.

Planting has been done in a few instances in this neighborhood, and will be continued next week. This is about as late as it can be done.

## APPOINTMENTS.

LIST OF THE SUCCESSFUL APPLICANTS FOR GOVERNMENT SITS.

OTTAWA, April 5.—The following additional appointments have been made in connection with the Supreme Court of the Northwest:

### NORTHERN ALBERTA.

Sheriff—A. Billy, ex-officio, with residence at Calgary.

Clerk—Mr. Dundas.

### SOUTHERN ALBERTA.

D. J. Campbell, sheriff.

C. N. Campbell, clerk.

### SASKATCHEWAN.

Harold E. Ross, sheriff, residence at Prince Albert.

Louis Adolph Billy, the gentleman who has been appointed to the sheriffship of Northern Alberta, is well known throughout the older provinces. His ancestors, Jean Francois de Billy, and Catherine de Lamarre, came from Paris, France, in 1674, to the parish of Champlain, District of Three Rivers, and removed thence to the county of Nicolet. He is a son of Solomon Billy, farmer and trader in the Northwest, and was born in Nicolet, 18th Oct., 1834, and educated at Nicolet college. Married: July 4, 1866, Adèle, daughter of the late Peter Gauthier, noary, Rimouski. He was called to the bar of Lower Canada, Dec. 7, 1859. He was a magistrate for the district of Rimouski from Feb. 20, 1873, until he resigned to run for his present seat. He was president of the Association St. Jean Baptiste Society in 1880, and was its delegate to the Convention of Quebec in 1880. He was first returned to Parliament at the general election of 1883 for Rimouski, Quebec. At the late election he resigned in favor of Mr. Tache who was defeated by Mr. Fiset. He is a short, stout man of pleasant appearance and affable disposition.

## LATEST BY CABLE.

LONDON, April 7.—Kathleen Lister is addressing mass meetings against the coercion act.

The Queen arrived yesterday at Aix-les-Bains.

Prince Alexander has declined appointment to the Hungarian throne.

LONDON, April 2.—In the House of Lords, Earl Cairnes (Conservative) presented a bill providing for the purchase of Irish holdings; or in other words for the abolition of the system of dual ownership created by the act of 1861. The provisions of the bill are condemned by the Parliament.

The divorce bill was carried in the English commons last night on a vote of 261 to 53.

LONDON, April 4.—The Queen will leave Canada for Aix-les-Bains on Wednesday.

LONDON, April 4.—The British government is demanding from Venezuela an apology for the ill treatment of British subjects, and several other demands. It is also being required to deliver up an island for the purpose of old demands.

The colonial conference opened at London yesterday. The delegates were received by Lord Salisbury. In the course of his remarks he expressed little sympathy with Imperial Federation, believing it impracticable.

Members of the English House of Commons will attend church in a body on May 24 for the jubilee thanksgiving.

PARIS, April 2.—The Queen was given a popular demonstration on her arrival at Cannes.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 4.—Three persons were arrested in the attempt to assassinate the Czar by means of bombs, in St. Petersburg, on March 13, were hanged on Thursday.

## TOWN COUNCIL.

MAYOR KING DECLARES WAR ON WHISKY.

### KEY.

The Elbow River Bridge Question—Other Important Matters.

Only His Worship and Councilors Session and Mayor attended the council meeting last night.

A communication was read from Bleeker & Brown demanding immediate settlement of Mr. Pittman's account of \$940. Related to fire, water and light committee.

Also from the same asking settlement of an account of Major Walker's of 1885, amounting to \$26.35 net, the balance of \$75.69 being credited as taxes and wages dues. Referred to finance committee.

Chief Ingram wrote regarding a sick man named Barker Dier who had come down from the mountains where he had been working for the C. P. R. He is affected with acute disease and Dr. Wall-

man advised that he be sent to his friends in the mountains at once. Referred to police and relief committee.

The treasurer's report for March showing a balance of \$588.44 was filed.

The following accounts were referred to the fire, water and light committee: Jarrett & Cushing, \$10 for material and work on hook and ladder in 1885, \$50 for material in 1887; F. Dick, \$9.35; Jos. Wilson, \$1.50. The following were referred to the finance committee: Douglas & Strick, \$2.35; Dr. Henderson, attending W. L. H. \$10.

E. W. Trout presented a bill which, it was found, had already been passed but no cheque named therefor.

On motion of Mr. Shelton \$1.30 per day for one month was granted to the man Freeman.

The fire, water and light committee recommended payment of \$56.50 to Jarrett & Cushing for overhauling tank; also \$22 for sinking well in river bank.

The mayor objected to the expenditure on the tanks going on unless it was certain that they could be made serviceable.

Coun. Shelton said he thought they would be all right when pitched.

The mayor stated that Friday would be a public holiday.

THE ELBOW BRIDGE. The board of works submitted a communication from Henry Bleeker promising to have the Elbow bridge subdivided into four lots, and a plan filed with the town assessor within two months after the completion of the Elbow bridge; also a similar letter from Capt. Orr promising to complete a lot of the bridge within three months after the bridge was finished.

Mr. Bleeker, on behalf of himself and others, agreed to advance the money required for the bridge. Filed.

Coun. Shelton asked if it was true that a loan was being built below the bridge.

Mr. McVittie, who was present, stated that it would not interfere with the construction of the bridge.

The council then went into committee of the whole to consider the Elbow bridge tenders which were opened as follows:

J. G. McCallum, \$3,831  
J. G. McCallum, 2,959  
McDonald, 3,340  
Munn, 3,440

The committee rose and reported recommending the acceptance of McCallum's tender, providing the council were able to make the necessary financial arrangements.

On motion the consideration of the report was left over to a special meeting on Saturday morning.

The mayor asked Coun. Martin to see that the poundkeeper's report was sent in monthly.

Mr. Shelton stated that the big tank at the fire hall would be ready to fill on Friday.

Mr. Shelton asked whether the board of works intended grading Stephen avenue and other streets and pointed out that it could be done cheaply now.

Coun. Martin said they were short of money and could not undertake the work now.

His Worship said Oiler street was in a disgraceful condition and should certainly be improved at once.

Coun. Martin said that timber for the sidewalks had arrived and the latter would be proceeded with at once.

Mr. Jarrett & Cushing, who were granted permission to address the council, made application to the council to pass a by-law exempting their factory from taxation for a term of years. They had gone to a great expense in enlarging their buildings and putting in new machinery.

There was no objection to the exemption in the place and they had to compete with other manufacturers and west, and he hoped the council would give them some encouragement. He pointed out that the factory was so isolated that they got no benefit for their taxes. They employ 15 men and pay \$30 a day in wages. He invited the council to visit the factory.

On motion of Coun. Shelton, Mr. Jarrett's application was referred to the finance committee.

The mayor gave notice that at the next meeting he would move a strong resolution in reference to the permit system and the whiskey traffic. He and the police had done all they could to suppress the evil but without effect, and he hoped the council would support him in an earnest effort to regulate the matter.

The council then adjourned.

Our Member Unable to Take His Seat at the Opening of Parliament.

OTTAWA, March 6.—On account of the illness of the returning officers in not forwarding the writ and return, showing who was elected, several members will not be able to take their seats on the opening of Parliament. Among others are the members for Alberta, New Westminster and Algoma. Possibly the officers will be brought to the House and taught a lesson.

Mr. Fitz Gerald was seen by a Herald reporter and he stated that on delay in forwarding the necessary documents occurred. As soon as the returns were received from Lee in B.C. he made the declaration and forwarded the writ and return to Ottawa two days afterwards. (Ed. Herald.)

WILSON.—At Calgary, on April 5th, the wife of James Wilson, Esq., of a daughter.

WILSON.—At Calgary, on April 5th, the wife of James Wilson, Esq., of a daughter.

WILSON.—At Calgary, on April 5th, the wife of James Wilson, Esq., of a daughter.

WILSON.—At Calgary, on April 5th, the wife of James Wilson, Esq., of a daughter.

WILSON.—At Calgary, on April 5th, the wife of James Wilson, Esq., of a daughter.

WILSON.—At Calgary, on April 5th, the wife of James Wilson, Esq., of a daughter.

WILSON.—At Calgary, on April 5th, the wife of James Wilson, Esq., of a daughter.

WILSON.—At Calgary, on April 5th, the wife of James Wilson, Esq., of a daughter.

WILSON.—At Calgary, on April 5th, the wife of James Wilson, Esq., of a daughter.

WILSON.—At Calgary, on April 5th, the wife of James Wilson, Esq., of a daughter.

WILSON.—At Calgary, on April 5th, the wife of James Wilson, Esq., of a daughter.

## A HARD TRIP.

THREE POLICE DESERTERS PAY DEARLY FOR LIBERTY.

Fifteen Days without any Food but Berries—One will Die.

FORT ASSINBOINE, MONT April 4.—Late last evening two ragged emaciated men staggered into the Post and related a horrible story of suffering. On the 12th of March, James Waldron, Stephen Owens and John McQuag left Lethbridge, S. W. T. mounted on horses for this place. They were obliged to abandon their horses on the third day having nothing for them to eat and from that point waded through snow on foot. Their supply of food became exhausted two days later and, their only food for fifteen days consisted of a few berries gathered off the bushes. About twenty-two miles from this place Owens fell exhausted and the others were too weak to assist him and left him to his fate. Upon leaving last week the post commander immediately sent out an ambulance and relief party who were fortunate enough to find Owens.

LODGING THEIR WAY. All three are now in hospital, Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.

STILL ALIVE. Waldron and McQuag may recover with the loss of both their feet but Owens cannot. They are all now blind and have been for three days. They claim to be deserters from the North West Mounted Police Force.















## SIEGE OF THE ALAMO.

### RECOLLECTIONS OF AN EYEWITNESS OF THAT TERRIBLE STRUGGLE.

The Heroic Fight of 100 Gallant Kentuckians Led by Col. Travis and Bowie—Davy Crockett's Death—Scenes After the Massacre.

In the struggle for Texas independence some bore a heavier part than Col. H. L. Crockett, of Kentucky. A reporter, hearing of Col. Crockett's presence in the city, sought him out, and, by the expenditure of much persuasive eloquence, induced him to give an account of his experience during the war of independence.

"In the winter of 1834," Col. Crockett began, "I left my home in Massachusetts for the purpose of seeking my fortune in the west. My destination was Lexington, Ky., but while on the Ohio river I fell in with a party of young men who were on their way to join Col. Travis in Texas, and, carried away by their vivid pictures of the life of adventurous excitement that awaited them in that country, I found their hand without much knowledge as to the right or wrong of the cause which I pledged myself to sustain. We traveled by land to New Orleans and there took ship for Galveston. Here we procured horses and proceeded to join the Texas forces, then operating in the neighborhood of San Antonio de Bexar. Anything less like an army in appearance it would be hard to imagine. Uniform there was none, each dressing to suit his own peculiar fancy, and the men were as various as their attire.

ENTERING SAN ANTONIO. "Shortly after my arrival I attached myself to the command of that magnificent Tennesseean, Col. Milam, and soon became devotedly attached to him. He was a man of splendid character, without the sternness of Travis or the strong flavor of blackguardism that hung about Houston.

"As soon as we had gathered sufficient strength we attacked the Mexican forces in San Antonio. They far outnumbered us and a desperate struggle ensued. For days we fought in the streets and among the adobe houses, each of which was a miniature fortress. With pikes and spears we dug our way through the walls from house to house, thus avoiding the great loss which would have resulted from any attempt at a direct storm. The fight for the Vermejo house was fierce and bloody, but at last we drove the Mexicans out and took possession. But our triumph was soon turned to mourning, for shortly after it was captured the beloved Milam fell dead, shot by a Mexican who lay concealed behind a wall on the opposite side of the San Antonio river. We at length obtained possession of the town, but did not retain it long, as the advance of President Santa Anna compelled us to withdraw, leaving Travis, with less than 150 men, to garrison the town.

"I shall never forget the day when young Maverick rode into our camp with the news that Travis, refusing to retreat, was shut up in the Alamo and surrounded by an overwhelming force.

#### STEALING THROUGH THE LINES.

"I do not know what madness possessed me, but when I heard that Houston had decided that he was too weak to march to the relief of Travis (as was indeed the case) I determined to gallop to San Antonio, endeavor to steal through the Mexican lines and join my old Kentucky friends, who were nearly all within the garrison walls. I reached San Antonio without difficulty, and found that one assault had already been made, and that the besieged had more than held their own. So far all was well, but in endeavoring to creep between the Mexican pickets I was fired upon and wounded, and owed my escape from death to the darkness. With difficulty I made my way to the house of a Mexican whom I had befriended during our occupation of the city, and he generously agreed to conceal me in his house. A narrow window commanded an excellent view of one front of the Alamo wall, and from this point I could see nearly all of that memorable struggle. Day after day the Mexicans were kept up, and time after time were their storming columns hurled against the old church wall, which formed the Texas rampart. But nothing could disturb the calm desperation of the defenders, and at the close of each day the lone star flag floated as proudly, and, apparently, as securely as ever from the roof of the mission. The Mexican losses were fearful. Their clumsy equipments were no match for the long flanking rifles in the hands of the Kentucky and Tennessee buckshotmen. Hundreds fell every day, but their loss was little felt in that overwhelming host, while every man of the garrison who died was an irreparable injury. The line along the wall grew very thin, but still there was no thought of surrender amidst that gallant band. At length, when death and wounds had reduced the poor handful to half its original number, the Mexicans effected a lodgment in an undefended portion of the wall, and poured in by hundreds.

#### THE LAST DESPERATE STRUGGLE.

"Although there was now no hope of success, the brave Texans fought as steadily and firmly as on the first day of the siege. From room to room went the fight, and the puny Mexicans learned by bitter experience what deadly weapons bowie knives and clubbed rifles were in the hands of desperate Americans. But Houston's entrance has its limits, and at length Santa Anna was master of the Alamo, but not until the last American lay cold in death. From my window I could hear the shouts and yells and the struggling figures. When all was over, I begged my host to go into the Alamo and bring the news of all that had occurred. He came back in an hour or two, and said that such a slaughter had never been seen. The dead were heaped in wild confusion all over the building, and the gutters fairly ran with blood. In a room on the ground floor was the corpse of Col. Bowie, who had been butchered upon his sick bed. Not far from him was found the brave and eccentric Crockett. But the most impressive sight was in a small room in the upper story, where the gallant Travis lay, a bullet hole in his forehead, surrounded by the corpses of fifteen Mexicans who had died by his own hand. Of the Texans, not one survived, but they did not die unrevenged, as 1,500 Mexicans fell before them. It was well said that 'Thermopylae had its messenger of defeat, the Alamo had none.' 'I served through the rest of the war and was at San Jacinto, but after the tale of the Alamo all seems small and petty, and it would be an anti-climax for me to continue my story.'—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

#### Wanted! Sole Agents.

Pat (reading)—A few more bowl agents wanted. Begorra, this, Mikes, what's the manin' o' that? Mike—An' sure it's ministers they're after, don't yer think?—Harper's Weekly

#### A University of Taste.



Mrs. Tuxedo (who loves dogs)—Where are you going, Alfred? You look worried about something.

Mr. Tuxedo (who hates them)—I thought I'd go out to the kennels and lie down a while. I'm tired.—Life

#### His Memory Was Good.

"And you pretend to say," remarked a lawyer to a witness, "that you remember the exact words this man said to you ten years ago?" "I do."

"Well, if my memory serves me, I met you at Saratoga about five years ago, and I should like to know if you can swear to any expression which I then made."

"I can."

#### The Influence Was Good.

A Boston lady prominently identified with Sunday school work and who is much interested in bringing our Chinese residents within the pale of Christian influence, called the other day upon one of her Celestial proteges. John welcomed her visit to his laundry with evident pleasure, and when the greetings were over the Mongolian in response to her inquiry gave her to understand that he enjoyed very much attending the Sunday school, information that was exceedingly gratifying. Anxious, however, to receive more practical demonstration of the influence of the school upon him, she asked him if he did not think it did him good. "Yi, yi!" came the convincing response, "washe fol le whole congregation."—Boston Herald.

#### A Case of Short Haul.

A seedy looking man got aboard a Chicago and Northwestern train at Racine the other day. The train was about two miles out of Racine when the conductor came up and asked him for his ticket.

"Ain't got any, but I'm a railroad man myself."

"Where do you want to go to?"

"Chicago."

"Well," said the good natured conductor, reaching for the bell rope, "I'll do the best I can for you."

"Thanks, thanks. We railroad men should stand together."

"Yes. We have a heavy train to day, and this is a down grade along here. I think the train will run about 1,500 feet before it comes to a stop. I'll carry you that far with pleasure."

A minute or two later the seedy looking man was jumping off into the snow.

"You're very kind," he said, "to carry me even this far. But send us we're both railroad men, you know, couldn't you change your mind and take me further?"

"Sorry I can't oblige you," replied the conductor, waving a "go ahead" signal to the engineer, "but the facts, that we have to be very particular since Congress has got to passing laws governing railroads. Under the law the most I can do for you is to give you a short haul. Good day."

And the train puffed on in the direction of Chicago.—Chicago Herald.

#### The Application of the Rule.

Some time since the wife of a prominent citizen of New York city was trying to instill in the mind of her 5-year-old son what it meant to be generous, thus:

"Now, Willie, dear, suppose mamma should give you a cake and tell you to give part of it to Harry, and when you divided it one piece was larger than the other; if you gave it to him that would be generous, but if you kept it for yourself that would be selfish. Do you understand it?"

The little fellow thought he did.

The next afternoon, wishing to test the effect of her teaching, she gave Willie a large, juicy orange, saying:

"Now, Willie, take this orange and divide it generously with Harry."

When, to her surprise, the child who was passionately fond of oranges gave it back to her, saying, with a roguish twinkle in his bonny blue eyes:

"Here, mamma! won't you please give it to Harry and tell him to divide it generously with me."—Judge.

#### He Looked The Part Well.

Young Man to western young lady:—Yass, I'm a member of the Hare and Hounds club y'know. At last meet I was one of the hares.

Western Young Lady:—What do you mean by hare, Mr. Hony?

Young Man:—They are called rabbits in this country, I believe.

Western young lady:—Oh, yes, those sweet little animals with such long ears. How nice!—Harper's Bazar.

#### Strength. Perhaps, but No Inclination.

The old bachelor should remember there is one thing he cannot do alone; he cannot kiss himself.—Wit and Humor. We don't know so well about that. The man must be badly broken down physically who hasn't strength enough left to kiss his own lips.—Memphis Appeal.

#### Senator Paddock Threw too Straight.

"I used to go to school with Senator-elect Paddock, of Iowa," said a man in a Madison street barber shop yesterday. "Besides being a good scholar and a jolly playmate, Paddy was the best marksman with a snowball in the school. At the noon recess one day Paddock and several of the boys got together to have a snow-balling contest on the playground. The battle had raged for fifteen minutes or so, when one of the boys saw the principal of the school walking down the middle of the road on his way home to dinner. He wore a tall, black plug hat, which sat upon his head like a cat upon a grindstone. Paddock, who saw the teacher almost as soon as anybody, suggested that we give him a volley. The boys demurred. Paddock then said he would take a long range shot at the hat just for fun. Scooping up two handfuls of soft snow the embryo statesman molded it into a perfect sphere, and taking careful aim shot it after the retreating pedagogue with remarkable accuracy. The ball hit the tile sidewalk and scattered the wreck ten feet away. The teacher looked round to discover his assailant, but there was no one in sight. When school was dismissed that afternoon the principal related his noon experience, and declared that there was only one boy in the school who could throw a snowball 150 feet with any precision. That boy, he said, was Paddock, and, without waiting to take the customary rule, the teacher seized an apple sapling as big round as a baseball club, and, taking the champion marksman by the collar, he lapped him until both stood in a cloud of dust. Paddock never threw any more snowballs at the teacher."—Chicago Herald.

#### Picking the Strong Side.

With stealthy hand he strove to clip One golden ringlet from her head. "Ah, don't!" Then, with a smiling lip, "They are my sister Jane's," she said. —Harper's Magazine.

#### Suitable to the Times.

"I want a coal stove," said a sad eyed man with a wall of despair.

"What kind of stove do you want? Self-feeder?" asked the dealer.

"Suffering Cesar! Not a self-feeding stove with coal \$7.50 a ton and a famine close at hand! You must be insane. I want a stove that you can feed with a spoon—one that doesn't get hungry more than twice a week and has enough humanity in it to heat three rooms, when the thermometer is below zero. A self-feeding stove! I want one that I can bring up on a bottle."—Chicago Herald.

#### Some Hope for Boston.

It is cheerfully anticipated in Boston that the appearance of the promised volume of "Personal Reminiscences" by Dr. John Lawrence Sullivan will knock out in one round, as it were, all talk about that city's decline as a literary center.—New York Tribune.

#### The Error Explained.

Grammar Class—Boy, parsing—Wagon, common noun, feminine gender—Teacher—What gender? Boy—Oh, neutral gender. The tongue, m'am, kinder throwed me off'n my guard.—Detroit Free Press.

#### He Suffered.

"So you've been out west?" he queried of a citizen who returned the other day.

"Yes."

"Lots of snow out there?"

"Millions of acres. I was snow bound on a train fifteen hours. There were twenty-two ballet girls in my car."

"And your wife was with you?"

"Alas! yes!"

"Great Scott! but how you must have suffered!"—Detroit Free Press.

—A very curious that fellows who kick about high bonnets in theatres haven't a word to say about them in churches. Why is it? Jiber—That kind of fellow doesn't go to church as a general thing, and if they did, who in thunder wants to look at a minister's legs anyway?

#### White or Wine.

German—Why don't you Americans drink beer as we do?

Young America—How's that?

German—Slip it slowly, and take half or three quarters of an hour to a glass.

Young America (with diaphragm)—It would take all night to get full.—Life.

Dr. Clark's Sassaaparilla cures all kinds of blood diseases from a common skin eruption to the worst case of Scrofula. Clump Kidney Cure is a positive cure for all kidney complaints.

#### THE CITY PHARMACY

SIGN OF THE MORTAR.

NEW NAME

NEW STORE

NEW GOODS.

S. W. TROTT

is now in good running order in his new premises with the largest and most complete stock in the Territory. Purchased in the best establishments in the Dominion.

DRUGS & CHEMICALS, STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES, PERFUMERY, TOILET SOAPS, BRUSHES, COMBS AND

A FULL STOCK OF DRUGGIST'S Sundries.

Price as low as the lowest.

Remember we guarantee everything as we represent it.

Dispensing a Specialty.

Orders by Mail filled by return.

S. W. TROTT,

Member Ontario College Pharmacy, Ex-Proc. of Manitoba Pharmaceutical Association.

HATS

HATS

A. FERLAND & CO.

HATS

HATS

A large shipment of New Goods just arrived comprising all kinds of HATS and CAPS.

Stetsons' Soft Felt, Woodrow's best Stiff Hats.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF COWBOY'S HATS.

In Boots and Shoes we keep only the best makes and we guarantee perfect satisfaction at Lowest Prices.

To arrive in a few days a full line of

Ladies and Misses' Fine Shoes

From the celebrated house of THOMSON & CO., Montreal.

Our Stock of Groceries and Provisions is kept up to the standard and we invite comparison

A. Ferland & Co.

Wholesale & Retail Merchants.



L. G. Baker & Co.

Wholesale and Retail

General Merchants

L. G. BAKER & Co.'s

New Stock of

BOOTS,

AND SHOES, AND

CLOTHING

HAS ARRIVED

And is in fact the best and most complete

Stock they have yet handled. The

Manager is now in the Eastern

Markets buying the

DRY GOODS,

Which, it is expected, will begin to arrive in a few days. It is the intention that this stock will surpass anything that has yet been

BOUGHT TO

CALGARY, ON THE N.W.T.

TAILORING

It is the intention to manage the department by taking the measures here and having the clothes made up in the east, which enables us to sell made up suits almost as cheap as the ready-made clothes. A perfect fit guaranteed. Spring Samples now on hand.

SOLE AGENTS for Montreal, Quebec, and St. Lawrence.

L. G. BAKER & CO.









**BOLS' IN NEW YORK FROM CHINA,  
AFRICA AND INDIA.**

VARIOUS CHINESE GODS.

THE TADPOLEST VIRGIN.

BRIDGE (WASH.)—A LION SENT TO CHASE some  
nuts in preparation for Mrs. Blank's little  
new party, to be held during the evening,  
starts with a few badly cracked nuts upon a  
plate—Ah, indeed, Missus Blank, O'll lose  
my place before O'll brake me tath a crackin'  
of more of thim nuts. Me jaw's all lame  
now, as it is, so it is.—Boston Advertiser.

**Important Persons.**  
THE NEW-MADE WIFE.

### The Flying Dutchman

seemed uncanny," as the South-  
ey. Warnings of the whiff shook their  
made as the big tugboat Captain passed to  
the ship which so defied the laws of spe-  
gravity. With what dark power of the  
or the wave was he in league? When  
one of its voyages the Flying Dutch-  
man never returned, these enigmas are  
attributed to the seed from which grew the  
well known superstition. It was be-  
lieved that, in trying to round the Cape of  
Good Hope, the iron bound ship was  
suddenly driven back by storms, till at last  
the Captain cried, "I will round that Cape  
it takes me till Judgment Day!" There was  
a peal of thunder which drove the ship  
till Judgment Day!" So the Flying Dutch-  
man was believed to be doomed to  
round the Cape till Judgment Day.

### A Plausible Explanation.

OFFICE—Opposite "Rajput" Hardware  
Long Station Avenue. Tel. 55-1171





